Where can my plastic go? (Summary)



	Kerbside recycling bin	Kerbside organics bin	Home compost	'Send-back' recovery system	Litter (Ocean)	Litter (Land)	Landfill
If it is		3					
Recyclable	√ ¹	*	*	√ ²	×	*	√ 3
Certified Compostable	*	? ⁴	? 5	? ⁶	~ 7	* 8	8
Bio/degradable	*	*	*	*	*	*	9

Recyclable

Whether a plastic is recyclable through your kerbside bin depends on its form and size. You should check with your local Council what is accepted in your kerbside bin, but generally:

√ Generally OK

- Hard / rigid plastic containers and packaging (eg. plastic bottles, take-away containers, trays, etc) are recyclable through your kerbside recycling bin, as long as they are <u>larger</u> than a tennis ball.
- 2. Other hard / rigid plastic items (such as straws, disposable cutlery, coffee capsules, etc) can only be recycled through special 'send-back' systems such as Terracycle, or otherwise placed in the kerbside rubbish bin to landfill. Small soft / flexible plastics (eg. plastic bags, plastic film lids, cling wrap) can be taken to REDcycle bins in supermarkets for recycling, but cannot go in most kerbside recycling bins in Australia.
- 3. While putting recyclable plastic into landfill is far from ideal, there are no particular concerns with having this type of plastic in landfill over and above the general issue of waste in landfill.

Compostable

✓ OK though not ideal

Compostable plastic must be certified as either commercially or home compostable – otherwise it belongs in your kerbside rubbish bin to landfill. If it is certified:

Possibly (check first!)

- 4. Commercially compostable these plastics currently cannot go in most kerbside organics bins (though there are some exceptions, particularly in SA). In general, they must be sent back through a specialist system to be composted at a commercial facility, or otherwise placed in the kerbside rubbish bin to landfill.
- 5. Home compostable these plastics can be composted in healthy home or community compost bins. If no access to a compost, currently they cannot go in most kerbside organics bins (with some exceptions, particularly in SA), and so in general must be placed in the kerbside rubbish bin to landfill.
- 6. There are not many dedicated compostable packaging collections, though some exist. You would need to check with the individual brand if they offer such a collection.
- 7. There is no evidence that compostable plastics offer any benefits compared to other plastics if they reach the ocean. Emerging research has found that certain compostable plastic bags break down somewhat quicker in marine environments compared to other plastics, but it is not known if this is the same for thicker and/or rigid compostable plastic.
- 8. There is no evidence that compostable plastics offer any benefits compared to other plastics when littered on land or sent to landfill. In order to compost, they need certain conditions to be met including heat and oxygen which are often not present. There are also some concerns that some compostable plastics may actually give off methane in landfill if they are able to break down, due to lack of oxygen (which causes anaerobic decomposition).

Biodegradable

Questionable (more research needed)

While these might sound like a good environmental option, there is no regulation around the use of the term and it is often applied as greenwash. If not certified compostable, they have not been tested for whether/how well they break down into natural components. Many are traditional fossil-fuel plastic with a chemical additive that makes them break down quickly into tiny fragments of micro plastic, invisible to the eye but still in the environment.

X Bad

9. The vast majority of biodegradable plastics cannot be placed in either kerbside recycling or kerbside organics bins, and should only be placed in the kerbside rubbish bin to landfill. There is no evidence that biodegradable plastics offer any benefits compared to other plastics when in landfill or littered on land or in marine environments, and in fact can cause harm, either through contaminating recyclable or compostable plastic streams or by fragmenting into microplastics that could enter soils, waterways and oceans, including when in landfills.

Where can my plastic go? (Detailed decision guide)



X Kerbside recycling bin

X Kerbside recycling bin

(Bio)degradable Compostable Recyclable If it says... Home compostable Commercially Drop off / Kerbside Drop off / **Technically** recyclable send back It might send back Degradable **Biodegradable** compostable recyclable It has been certified be... against an Australian or It has been certified As no collection and/ It may or may not It can be It can be recycled It can be recycled if The manner in which be made from international standard as against an Australian or composted / through kerbside returned through a or recycling systems degradation plant-based/ being compostable under international standard as recovered if comingled recycling dedicated drop-off or currently exist to dropped off / bins if it contains an collection system. Eg. recycle the plastic, it will occur is renewable average home being compostable in an industrial composting Australasian Recycling composting conditions. It Soft, flexible plastics should be disposed unknown, as is materials. The returned via a Label (ARL) indicating can be recycled through of through Council the environment environment and can be added to an facility plus >80% of special collection and period of time period of time in effectively-operating consumers in sale area system, according so, or if your local REDcycle bins at many kerbside rubbish bin in which the home or community to the instructions. Council has advised supermarkets, while to landfill. It should which it will have access to a plastic will microbially degrade compost bin - but not a collection and recovery For example, that this type of plastic Terracycle offers a never be placed in worm farm or bokashi Tripod plastic item is accepted (often number of post-back kerbside recycling in degrade. It should is not known, so it service. The capsule can therefore be should be disposed bin. It can also be taken be composted at any coffee capsules limited to food/drink/ programs for plastic items the hope/wish that disposed of of through a Council to any commercial commercial/industrial can be returned via laundry plastic that aren't recyclable your Council will find composting facility willing through a Council kerbside rubbish bin composting facility which post to be containers). through the kerbside bin, a way to recycle it, as kerbside rubbish to landfill. to accept the material. accepts it, if there is an transformed into including cosmetic it can devalue actual bin to landfill. available collection energy and containers, recyclables. fertiliser. service. So you Check for Check Check for local / Check for Check Check Always Always details of where for local / global standards instructions for ARL should... and when will global degrade standards Check kerbside Confirm Check for organics meets existina If no certified Certification service accepts If system collection / return recycling details of present exists system environment / If standard met timeframe If yes If ves and kerbside accepts Ideal Kerbside 'Send-back' Kerbside 'Send-back' recovery Landfill Landfill recycling bin Landfill compost organics bin recovery system system **Else**

X Kerbside recycling bin

Kerbside organics bin*

X Compost bin

✗ Kerbside recycling bin

✗ Kerbside organics bin*

Never

X Kerbside recycling bin

X Kerbside organics bin

X Compost bin

✗ Kerbside recycling bin

✗ Kerbside organics bin

X Compost bin

X Kerbside recycling bin

X Kerbside organics bin

X Compost bin

^{*} Certified commercial compostable coffee capsules may be recyclable in a small number of local council areas. The number may grow in the future.